| Process (ASTM) | Notes | Description | Materials | Companies | Pros | Cons | Machine price range |
|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| Material extrusion | Commonly referred to as FDM. This is what the Dimension is. | Material extruded through nozzle | ABS, PC, PLA, ULTEM | Stratasys, 3D Systems, EnvisionTEC, MakerBot Industries | Parts are relatively strong and can be good for some functional testing. Can make complex geometries. | Poorer surface finish than SLA and SLS | \$500 - \$500,000 |
| Material Jetting | This is what the Objet is. | Droplets of material deposited | Acrylic-based photopolymers, elastomeric photopolymers, wax- like materials, "digital" materials | 3D Systems, Stratasys/ Objet, Solidscape | Yields best surface finish of additive processes and is the best choice for complex parts with undercuts. | Poor strength compared to SLA | \$20,000 - \$600,000 |
| Binder Jetting | | Liquid bonding agent is deposited to join powder materials | Plaster, metal, sand | 3D Systems, ExOne, VoxelJet | Fastest time of any additive process. Can print in multiple color combinations and is one of the least expensive options for prototyping. | Parts are rough and less durable. | \$16,500 - \$1,400,000 |
| Sheet Lamination | | Sheets of material are bonded and cut | Plastic, metal, paper | Mcor, Fabrisonic | Inexpensive, full color prints using paper. Strong metal parts with composite materials. | Paper models are not durable. Few ultrasonic machines. | \$36,000 - \$47,000 (no prices for fabrisonic machines but estimate high 100Ks to Ms) |
| Vat Photopolymerization | Commonly referred to as SLA or DLP | Liquid photopolymer in a vat is cured by light- activated polymerization | Photopolymers | 3D Systems, EnvisionTEC, DWS, Carima, FormLabs | Can produce parts with complex geometries and excellent surface finishes compared to other additive processes. | Parts are weaker than those made from engineering grade resins; typically unsuitable for functional testing. | \$3,300 - \$460,000 |
| Powder Bed Fusion | Commonly referred to as laser sintering, DMLS, | | Metal, plastic | 3D Systems, EOS, SLM Solutions, Arcam, Concept Lasers, AMT Phenix | Fully dense (~99.5%). Extremely durable. No post thermal treatment required. Strong parts. Most are fully functional. | Poor surface finish combined with expensive materials. | \$170,000 - \$1,900,000 |
| Directed Energy Deposition | | focused thermal energy fuses and melts material as it is being deposited | Metal | Optomec, Honeywell Aerospace, Irepa Laser | Ideal for adding material to existing parts for repair or hybrid manufacturing. | Worst surface finish of all additive processes. Usually requires postoperations. | \$350,000 - \$1,500,000 |

Data compiled by Aedhan Loomis 2013